

Floating Rate Fund

Monthly Fund Card

| | |
|---------------------|------------|
| Category | Bank Loan |
| Dividend Frequency | Monthly |
| Fund Inception Date | 12/30/2016 |

| | |
|-------------|-------|
| I Shares: | LFIFX |
| Inv Shares: | LFVFX |

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

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FUND STATISTICS

| | |
|--------------------|-------|
| Effective Duration | 0.24 |
| Current Yield | 3.68% |

Effective duration provides a measure of a fund's interest-rate sensitivity. The longer a fund's duration the more sensitive the fund is to shifts in interest rates. Current Yield of the underlying holdings of the fund do not account for any fees.

RISK METRICS*

| | Fund** | Peers* |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| Sharpe Ratio | 3.34 | 2.17 |
| Sortino Ratio | 25.66 | 11.69 |
| Standard Deviation | 0.32 | 1.13 |
| Upside Capture Ratio | 63.57 | 88.03 |
| Downside Capture Ratio | (34.28) | (47.79) |

* All risk metrics above are measured on a 1 year basis and measured against the US Barclays Aggregate Bond Index.

** Institutional Share Class.

Peers are defined as the Fund's Morningstar Category.

30-DAY SEC YIELDS

| | Unsubsidized |
|-------------|--------------|
| I Shares: | 2.96% |
| Inv Shares: | 2.61% |

The 30-Day SEC Yield is computed under an SEC standardized formula based on net income earned over the past 30 days.

EXPENSE RATIOS*

| | Net | Gross |
|-------------|-------|--------|
| I Shares: | 0.66% | 11.09% |
| Inv Shares: | 1.04% | 8.57% |

Ratios listed are as of the 9/27/17 prospectus.

Sharpe Ratio: Average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. Subtracting the risk-free rate from the mean return, the performance associated with risk-taking activities can be isolated.

Sortino Ratio: Measures the risk-adjusted return of an investment asset, portfolio, or strategy. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but penalizes only those returns falling below a user-specified target or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalizes both upside and downside volatility equally.

Standard Deviation Known as historical volatility and is used by investors as a gauge for the amount of expected volatility.

Upside Capture Ratio: Statistical measure of an investment manager's overall performance in up-markets. The up-market capture ratio is used to evaluate how well an investment manager performed relative to an index during periods when that index has risen.

Downside Capture Ratio: Statistical measure of an investment manager's overall performance in down-markets. It is used to evaluate how well an investment manager performed relative to an index during periods when that index has dropped.

An upside capture ratio over 100 indicates a fund has generally outperformed the benchmark during periods of positive returns for the benchmark. Meanwhile, a downside capture ratio of less than 100 indicates that a fund has lost less than its benchmark in periods when the benchmark has been in the red. A negative downside capture indicates the fund has gained when its benchmark has been in the red. All bond funds' ratios are calculated relative to the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.

A floating rate bond fund that gives investors exposure across multiple fixed income sectors, a focus on high credit quality, and exposure to rising rates.

Launched in 2016, Leader Floating Rate Fund is focused on maintaining superior portfolio credit quality. The Fund is actively managed for strong risk adjusted returns, high portfolio credit quality, minimal interest rate sensitivity and has the ability to invest across fixed income sectors.

High Credit Quality: The Fund invests in A or better rated securities as the Fund is the only investment grade fund in the Bank Loan category.

Diversified Across Asset Classes: Access to a wider range of floating rate securities means the fund may take advantage of dislocations across the market to generate incremental yield.

Floating Rate Exposure: Participate with rising rates. As we embark on this new interest rate cycle, we believe the opportunity lies within floating rate bonds as even traditional low duration bonds may face volatility.

Market & Fund Commentary

Equity markets continued marching higher with the S&P500 and Nasdaq Composite Index breaking the February highs; the general calm form July carried over into August. Trade headlines have seemed to calm down with some positive news coming out of NAFTA talks. Despite all the noise previously and continued headline on tariffs and trade wars, markets have moved by these with strong corporate earnings.

High Yield Credit spreads were flat over August from July. Investment Grade spreads widened slightly (+2.4bps). Treasuries yields retightened and continue to trade range bound. The treasury curve flattened as if the bond market did not believe the move in equity markets. For this reason, we see some risk (bond yields spiking, bond prices falling) if the economy continues to print strong numbers. We still favor floating rate bonds to take advantage of rising rates on the front end of the curve.

We continue deploying new money into AAA rated securities and selectively in A rated securities. We've seen the CLO market continue to firm up with new issue supply slowing down and taking a breather. The portfolio remains largely unchanged over last month with 60% exposure to AAA rated securities. We have continued to selectively add some shorter weighted average life Single-A bonds with higher coupons alongside junior AAA securities (same as last month). We believe it is especially prudent in this volatile market environment to maintain high credit quality. The shorter Single-A rated bonds allow us to add some more yield and participate with some upside in a credit tightening scenario as we still view the broader bull market as intact.

We continue see value in 2016/early 2017 vintage Single As with high coupons (L+220bps and higher), and new issue junior AAAs with coupons around L+145bps. We are also seeing much more discount paper across the board, which we have not seen in the CLO market for some time. This presents an opportunity to potentially find some shorter weighted average life bonds and catch the "pull to par" upside.

Definitions:

S&P 500: Standard and Poor's 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks. The index is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries.

CLOs: Collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) are a form of securitization where payments from multiple middle sized and large business loans are pooled together and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. A CLO is a type of collateralized debt obligation.

Basis Point ("bps"): one hundredth of one percent, used chiefly in expressing differences of interest rates

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATIONS*

| | |
|------------------|---------|
| Investment Grade | 100.00% |
| High Yield | 0.00% |

CREDIT QUALITY***

| | |
|------|--------|
| Cash | 2.97% |
| AAA | 57.77% |
| AA | 18.41% |
| A | 20.85% |
| BBB | 0.00% |
| BB | 0.00% |
| B | 0.00% |
| NR | 0.00% |

***Portfolio characteristics represent 100% of the portfolio and will vary over time. Credit qualities are shown as a percentage of net assets. A bond rated BBB or higher is considered investment grade. This chart reflects the highest security rating provided by Standard & Poor's. Ratings and portfolio credit quality will vary over time.

ASSET CLASS BREAKDOWN*

| | |
|---------------------|--------|
| Floating Rate Bonds | 97.03% |
| Cash | 2.97% |

DURATION BREAKDOWN**

| | |
|--------|---------|
| < 1 | 100.00% |
| 1 - 3 | 0.00% |
| 3 - 5 | 0.00% |
| 5 - 7 | 0.00% |
| 7 - 10 | 0.00% |
| 10+ | 0.00% |

*This will change and the information provided should not be considered as a recommendation to purchase or sell a particular security. There is no assurance that the securities mentioned remain in the Fund's portfolio or that the securities sold have not been repurchased. Totals may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

**Holdings represent 100% of the portfolio and may vary over time.

| Average Annual Returns as of 08/31/2018 | YTD | 2Q18 | 1Y | 3Y | 5Y | 10Y | Inception |
|---|-------|-------|-------|----|----|-----|-----------|
| Institutional (LFIFX) | 1.70% | 0.54% | 2.86% | | | | 2.72% |
| Investor (LFVFX) | 1.44% | 0.55% | 2.37% | | | | 2.26% |
| Morningstar Category Average ¹ | 2.60% | 0.43% | 3.96% | | | | |
| Benchmark ² | 3.32% | 0.70% | 4.88% | | | | |

¹ Bank Loan Category

² S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan TR Index

Performance is annualized trailing returns as of 8/31/18 for the Leader Floating Rate Fund for all Share Classes (ticker symbols: LFIFX, LFVFX)

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The performance data quoted represents past performance and current returns may be lower or higher. Share prices and investment returns fluctuate and investor shares may be worth more or less than original cost upon redemption. To obtain performance as of the most recent month end, please call 1-800-269-8810.

*The Fund's adviser has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or absorb expenses of the Fund, through at least November 17, 2018, to ensure that total annual fund operating expenses after fee waiver and/or reimbursement (excluding any front-end or contingent deferred loads, brokerage fees and commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, fees and expenses associated with instruments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including for example options and swap fees and expenses), borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short), taxes and extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees and contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the adviser)) will not exceed 1.00% and 1.00% of each class's net assets, respectively, for Institutional Shares and Institutional Shares.

Important Risks: Bonds offer a relatively stable level of income, although bond prices will fluctuate providing the potential for principal gain or loss. Intermediate-term, higher quality bonds generally offer less risk than longer term bonds and a lower rate of return. Generally, a fund's fixed income securities will decrease in value if interest rates rise and vice versa.

As with all mutual funds, there is the risk that you could lose money through your investment in the Fund. Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise. This risk is actually greater for longer-term debt securities. Investments in asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities include additional risks that investors should be aware of such as credit risk, prepayment risk, possible illiquidity and default, as well as increased susceptibility to adverse economic developments. Collateral Loan Obligations ("CLOs") and collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs") are securities backed by an underlying portfolio of loan and debt obligations and the risks depend largely on the types of those underlying holdings. Investments in foreign securities involve greater volatility and political, economic and currency risks. The fund is exposed to credit risk where lower-rated securities have a higher risk of defaulting on obligations. Investment by the fund in lower-rated and nonrated securities presents a greater risk of loss of principle and interest than higher-rated securities. The Fund is subject to liquidity risk as some securities may have few market-makers and low trading volume, which tends to increase transaction costs and may make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of a security at all or at a price which represents current or fair market value. As a result of its trading strategy, the Fund expects to engage in frequent portfolio transactions that will likely result in higher portfolio turnover and commissions than many investment companies.

Mortgage-backed investments involve risk of loss due to prepayments and, like any bond, due to default. Because the sensitivity of mortgage-related securities to changes in interest rates, a fund's performance may be more volatile than if it did not hold these securities.

Portfolio characteristics represent 100% of the portfolio and will vary over time. Credit qualities are shown as a percentage of net assets. A bond rated BBB or higher is considered investment grade. This chart reflects the highest security rating provided by Standard & Poor's. Ratings and portfolio credit quality will vary over time.

Average Duration is the weighted average of the option adjusted duration of the portfolio. It is a measure of the sensitivity of the portfolio to changes in interest rates. The higher the duration the more sensitive the portfolio is to changes in interest rates. Average Current Yield is the weighted average of the annual rate of return based on price. It is calculated by the coupon divided by the price. The 30-Day SEC Yield is computed under an SEC standardized formula based on net income earned over the past 30 days. The 30-Day unsubsidized SEC Yield does not reflect any fee waivers/reimbursements/limits in effect.

The S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Total Return Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated bank loan debt publicly issued in the US domestic market. This is the Fund's benchmark. You cannot invest directly in an index.

Holdings are as of date indicated and subject to change.

This material must be preceded or accompanied by a prospectus. An investor should consider the Fund's objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing or sending money. This and other important information can be found in the Fund's prospectus. For more information please call 800-269-8810. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.